



Change in the Air: Economics of Cloud

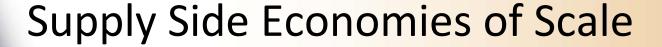
Tim O'Brien
Microsoft Corporation
tobrien@microsoft.com





Why does scale matter?

- ✓ Supply side economies
- ✓ Demand side economies





DATA CENTER PROJECTS (LAST 12 MO.)

- Cost of hardware
- Cost of labor
- Cost of power

Company	Location	DC Cost (\$M)	DC Size* (MW)
NSA (July '09)	Camp Williams, UT	\$2,000	130
Apple (May '09)	Maiden, NC	\$1,000	65
Social Security Admin (Feb '09)	Baltimore, MD	\$400	27
Facebook (Feb '10)	Princeville, OR	\$215	15
Internet Villages (July '09)	Annandale, Scotland	\$1,600	107
Lockerbie Data Centers (Dec '09)	Lockerbie, Scotland	\$1,500	100
Next Generation Data (Mar '10)	Wales, UK	\$301	20

Source: Company press releases

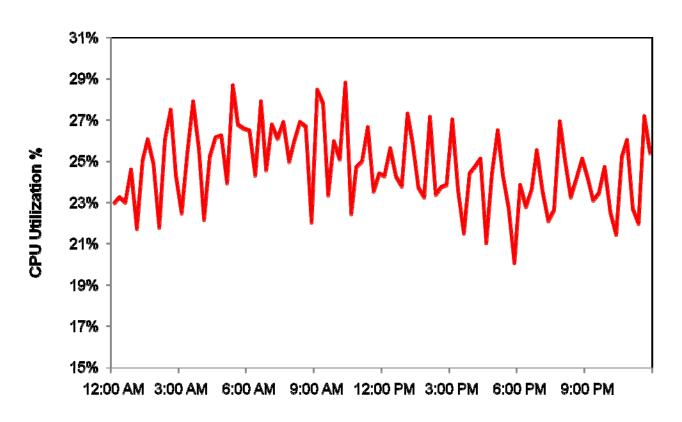
* Estimates based on \$15M/MW build out cost

Demand Side Economies of Scale



Variability: Random Usage Patterns

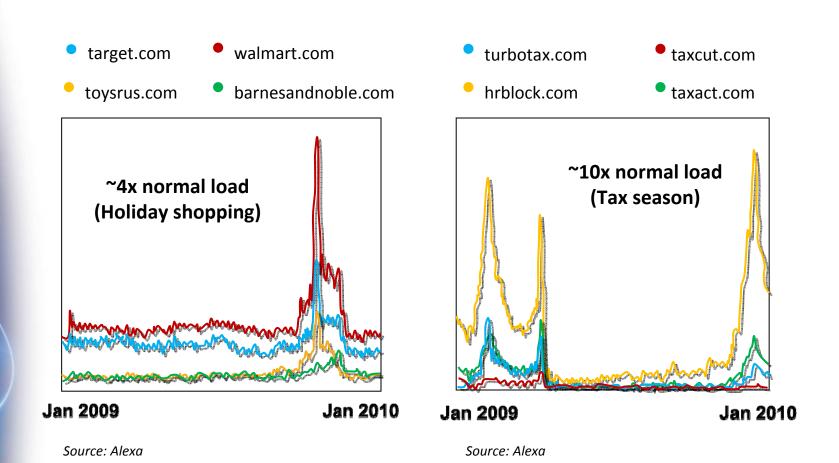
EXAMPLE LOB APPLICATION SERVER LOAD



Demand Side Economies of Scale



Variability: Seasonality

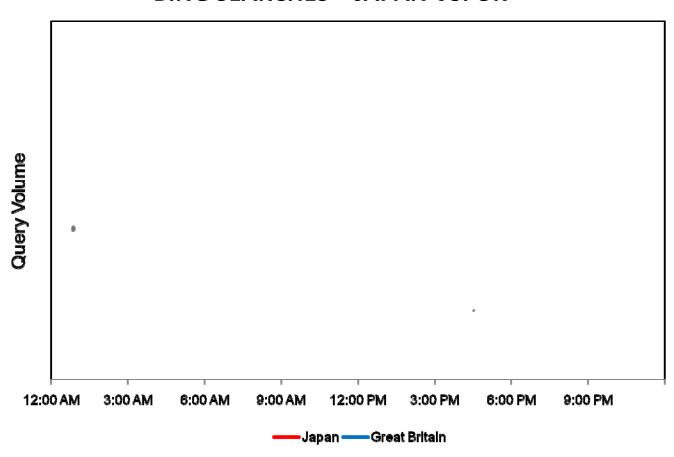


Demand Side Economies of Scale



Variability: Time of Day

BING SEARCHES – JAPAN VS. UK



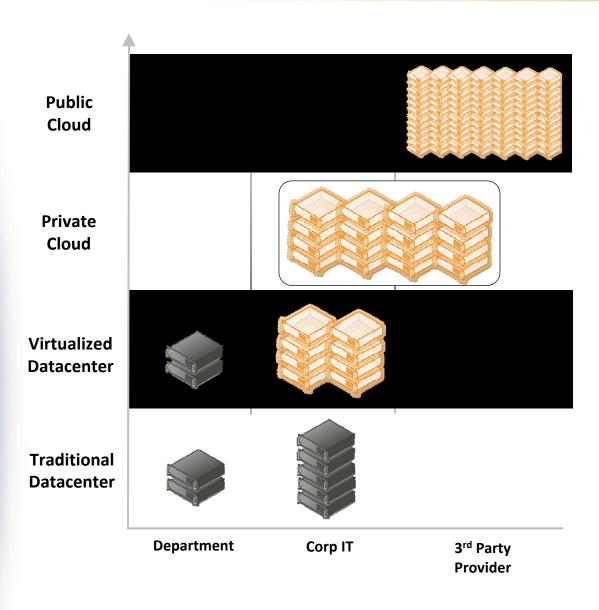
Source: Microsoft





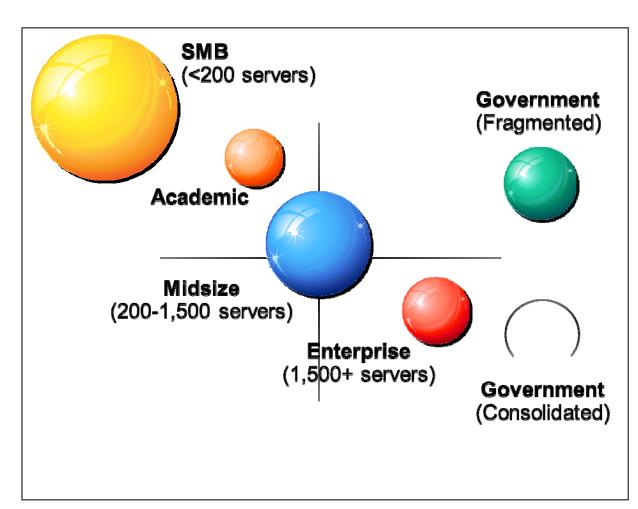
Public cloud, private cloud







Public Cloud Economics



Size represents number of servers in market

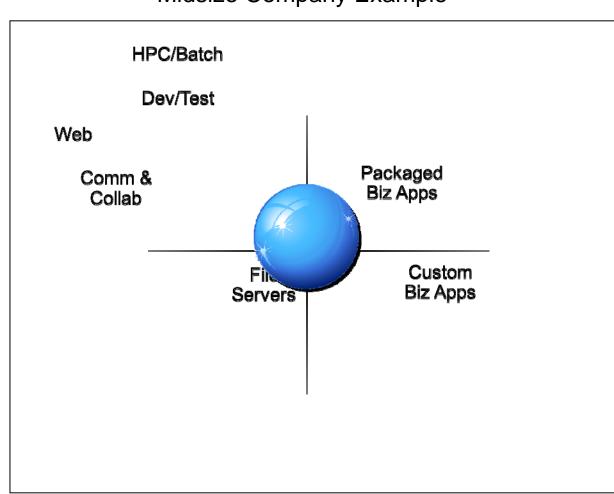
Private Cloud Preference

Source: Microsoft



Midsize Company Example

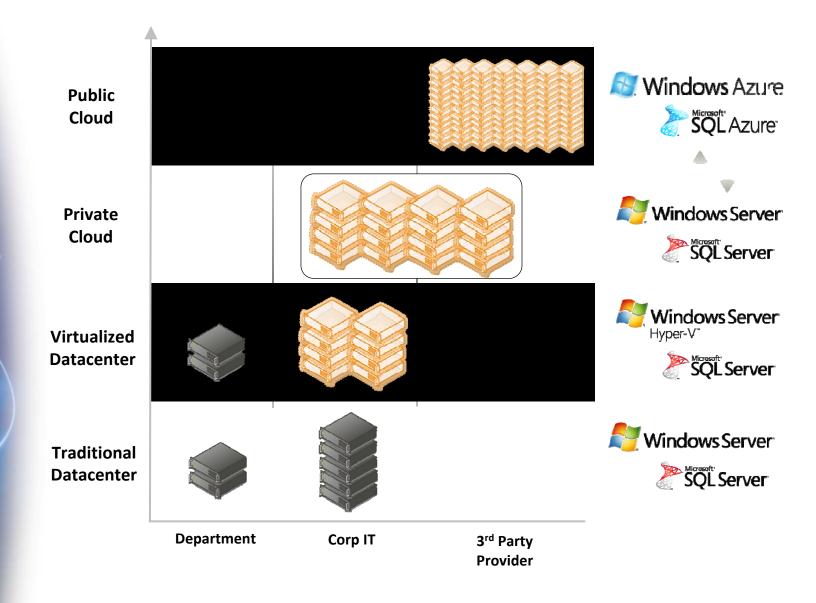
Public Cloud Economics



Private Cloud Preference

Source: Microsoft









- ✓ It's about scale
- ✓ Economic forces driving the shift
- ✓ Pace of uptake increasing
- ✓ Hybrid clouds in the interim
- ✓ Consistency matters





