

Customs debt law under the Union Customs Code (UCC) and the concept of the 'economic theory of customs'

Approach, method and main results

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Reasons and objective

Reasons

- Reform of the Union Customs Code (UCC); especially: rules on customs debt law that define when a customs debt incurs and when it extinguishes
- Unreasonable outcomes in the context of levying customs duties so that customs debts in some cases were used as a punitive instrument and not for economic reasons

Objective

• To verify the concept/ thought of the 'economic theory of customs' against international and European customs regulations



Approach

Concept/ thought of the 'economic theory of customs'

- Economic reasons form the basis for the incurrence of a customs debt
- Incurrence of a customs debt according to objective, transparent and predictable critera and not based on arbitrary or subjective factors
- Incurrence of a customs debt must not be a sanction
- Basic idea: Incurrence of a customs debt is dependent on the factual entry of goods into the economic circuit of a customs territory.



Method

- Analysis of different international, European and national regulations on customs debt law with regard to the concept
- Inclusion of the development of the regulations
- Analysis of the European and German case law regarding the treatment and understanding of the concept
- Especially: Analysis and examination of the new regulations of the UCC on customs debt law compared to the old Customs Code (CC)



Main results and conclusion

Main results

- The concept of the 'economic theory of customs' is inherent to <u>all</u> customs debt regulations on all levels;
 especially the different customs procedures mirror this thought
- European jurisdiction is not coherent; may result in unclear/unfair situations when levying customs duties
- Rules on customs debt law of the UCC can be seen as an advancement and a commitment to the concept of the 'economic theory of customs' that also corrects some aberration

Conclusion

• The implied and already existing concept should be literally <u>incorporated</u> into customs law to create more transparency, predictability and legal certainty für customs and economic operators



Thank you for your attention!

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