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We'll Cover 5 Things Today

- 1. What is an Object, Object Store and how does it work?
- 2. Sea Change is Underway in Data Storage.
- 3. Comparing Structured to Unstructured Data.
- 4. Comparing Block, File System and Object Stores.
- 5. Real-World Examples of Object Stores in Action.



Object Store Fundamentals

Why Object Stores?







grows into more and more, and is quickly **unmanageable**...

Why Object Stores?



... So we use **software tools** to do all sorts of **useful** things **beyond just storing** them where we created them

What Makes a File into Object? Photo Example



File + Metadata = Object



228.JPG 2010 Jly 4, 2010

Custom Metadata

- Subject: Lisa Sanders
- Category: Family
- Retention: Do not delete
- Place Taken: Tempe, Arizona
- Allow sharing: Yes

What is an Object Store? Client Example: iPhoto



Cloud Object Storage Example: Google Picasa





Industrial Strength Object Store

- Scale: Billions of Discrete Objects
- Time Horizon is Decades
- Flat (Global) Namespace
 - Expands Dynamically
 - Not Thousands of object, but Billions
- No Complexity
 - Easy to configure, Easy to Maintain
- Self-Sustaining (Heal thyself)
- Non-disruptive Upgrades
 - Storage
 - Software Systems



Solving File System Limitations

- Custom Metadata (CMD)
 - Self Describing
 - Means of Layering Relationships
- Data Independence
 - App is no longer King, Your Data is
 - Allows Data to Outlive the App, Storage Hardware and Storage Software
 - Makes it possible to monetize data outside the original creating application



Sea Change



Challenge: Unstructured Data Growth

Unstructured content growing faster than traditional information or structured content

• 75%-90% of data is unstructured

- Much of IT built for structured data

 Unstructured data is growing at 10X the rate of structured data

> How to limit growth of data and associated backup/restore burdens

 How to scale and support different workloads without more/larger silos

<5% of unstructured data is proactively managed

- How to leverage tiered storage
- NAS/File systems not content aware
- Regulations force new behavior



It is time for storage technology and practices designed for the unique challenges of unstructured data growth

U.S. National Archive and Records





President Clinton 1993 to 2001

President Bush 2001 to 2009



President Obama 2009 to ?



"We do not know the exact number of files yet, but we need to grow that up to be able to store around 7PB."

-- Dyung Le, director of systems engineering for the ERA project at NARA

Graph 4. Digital Files Transferred to the National Archives and Presidential Libraries, 1970 - 2009



Prior Market Shifting Event Minicomputer Industry













Next Seismic Shift?





Structured vs. Unstructured Data



Structured Data

CUSTOMER			
NAME	DATATYPE	NULLABLE?	
CUSTOMER_ID	VARCHAR	NO	
FIRST_NAME	VARCHAR	NO	
LAST_NAME	VARCHAR	NO	
BIRTH_DAY	TIMESTAMP	NO	
ADDRESS	VARCHAR	NO	
ADDRESS2	VARCHAR	YES	
STATE	VARCHAR	NO	
ZIP_CODE	INTEGER	NO	

CUST_ORDER			
NAME	DATATYPE	NULLABLE?	
ORDER_ID	VARCHAR	NO	
CUSTOMER_ID	VARCHAR	NO	
STATUS	VARCHAR	NO	
ORDER_AMOUNT	DECIMAL	NO	

PRODUCT			
NAME	DATATYPE	NULLABLE?	
PRODUCT_ID	VARCHAR	NO	
CATEGORY	VARCHAR	NO	
LIST_PRICE	DECIMAL	NO	



Rich Data = Unstructured Data











Unstructured Data (UD) Characteristics

- UD brings with it a <u>much</u> richer experience.
- How much better is it to hear a song than simply read the lyrics?
- To see a full motion HD film versus reading the script?
- Final Form Data therefore few or no changes
- Tends to be large and growing larger vis-à-vis rows in a table
- Not searchable (can't search a song, a picture or a movie)
- Lives forever (songs last forever e.g. Beethoven's 5th)

Problems with Unstructured Data

Becomes the Junk Drawer of Storage

No relations between objects established a priori



Problems with Unstructured Data

Need to be able to establish relationship amongst objects *post* ingest

That is: add a <u>relational layer</u> on top of the object data





Comparing Block, File System and Object Stores



Contrasting Block to Object



- Bucket of bits
- No meaning attached
 - One bit string no different from the next
 - No data intelligence in storage
- Operations are against gross collections of bits, without knowledge of what the bits represent to the customer



Contrasting Block to Object



- Objects take form
 - Not just a string of bits
- From storage subsystem to software system – called an object store (OS)
- OS itself has knowledge about data
- Now able to perform complex functions against the data

What about File Systems (FS)?



FS do a good job of adding order





Data World Today





Application

Data

Application is the King Your Data becomes the Subject of this King



Limitations of Present Model



It therefore becomes difficult to monetize data outside of the creating application



Real-World Examples

Information Management (File Data)

Klinikum Wels

- Challenges
 - "Avoid data overkill and a data graveyard and create revision proof long term archive with high searching and analyzing possibilities"
- Solution Capabilities and Components
 - ---Easyniphiamoe with the etimos legal retention periods to
 - --Scataessing data in different context cases for patient
 - Woekstment, science and education Accounts Blood Bank срог
 - --Searta "Independence" avoid migrations, yet easy to HL7 CDA access



Microbiology

Emergency



Information Management (Email Archiving)

Company

- Real estate developer in U.A.E.
- Challenges:
 - Retain email within company for corporate compliance
 - Reduce Exchange server and user .PST capacities
 - Increase the availability, performance and uptime of Exchange
 - Ensure business and IT continuity
- Solution Capabilities and Components
 - Archiving older mail, improving operations and backup/recovery mes
 - Improving backup performance and reliability
 - Two USP V systems being used for Tier1 and Tier2 storage, plus Tier3, HUR replicates the whole environment
 - 1. Object is archived to the Content Platform by Enterprise Vault leaving a safety copy
 - 2. HCP creates objects to meet DPL
 - 3. Object is replicated to remote HCP
 - 4. Remote HCP creates objects to meet DPL
 - 5. Adapter verifies object meets DPL setting on primary and replica
 - 6. Safety Copy is replaced with placeholder

Primary

Email Enterprise Vault 9

rtualized AMS WMS boxes for

Replica

Data Protection

NASA

- US National Aeronautics and Space Administration
- Challenges:

-"The data percedent dierie and a set so it's extremely important -to Septectarial a Ada un an an and years thrend iffevens on motion to want _the raw data on a processed file capabilities, indefinitely Curt Tilmes, OMI computer scientist at NASA.

- Solution Capabilities and Components
 - Faster, more reliable, less complex and less expensive than tape "...knowing that we give it data and it gives the data back when and how we Generates two sets of partity data so data is always secure need it is a reality great value to the organization because scientists can stay Provide a content so that data remains

 - authentic and instantly accessible Curt Tilmes, OMI computer scientist at NASA

With the Object Store, we are able to manage our data with no additional backup tasks."

Ben Kobler, Computer Scientist, NASA



Summary

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Thank You!



Driving Innovation Through the Information Infrastructure

SPRING 2011