



The Global Burden of Alcohol

Results from the Global Burden of Disease Study 2015

Max Griswold
Research Scientist

W UNIVERSITY of WASHINGTON

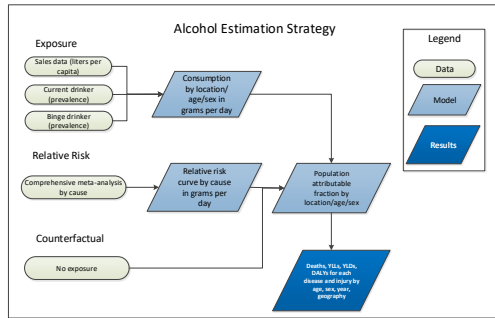
Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation

GBD study



- Goal: Provide a comprehensive, quantitative picture of global health burden.
- Collects over 30k data sources for 249 causes of death, 315 diseases, disabilities, and injuries, and 79 risk factors.
- Approach:
 - Use all available health data.
 - Use modeling to provide complete location/age/sex estimates.
 - Quantify risk using comparative risk assessment approach.

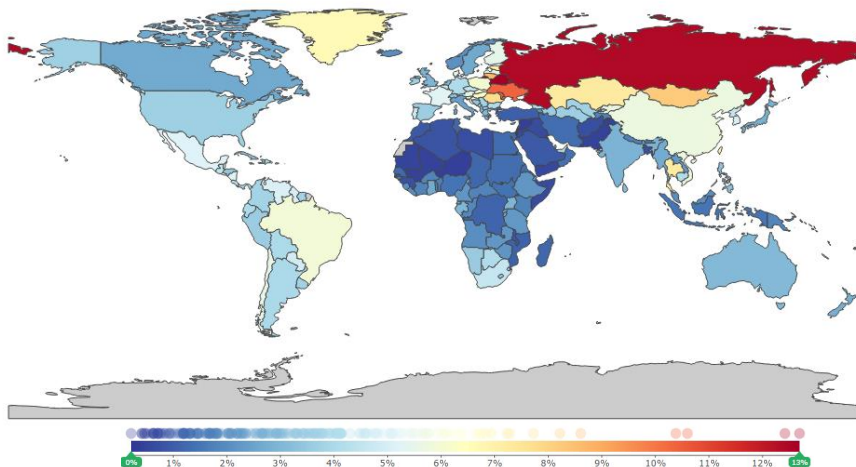
GBD alcohol-use risk factor approach



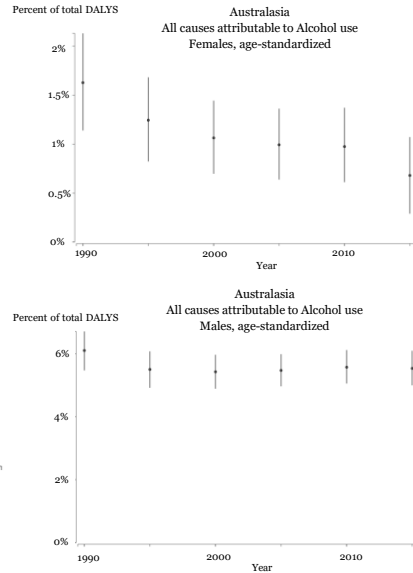
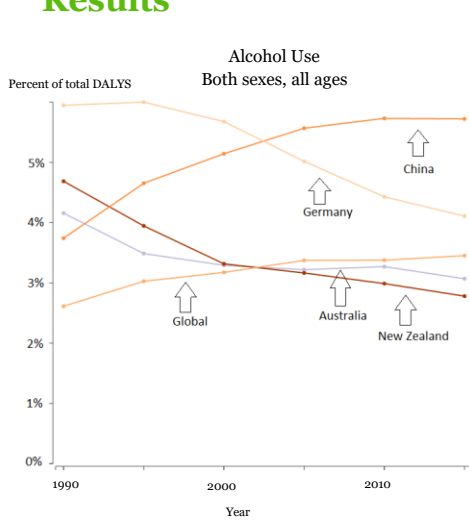
- Model exposure in terms of grams per day.
 - Population-level from sales data
 - Individual-specific trends from survey data
- Measure risk for each cause through comprehensive meta-analysis on relative risks.
 - Modeled as a dose-response relationship in grams per day. Determines population attributable fraction.
 - Combined with causes of death estimates to calculate burden due to alcohol

Results

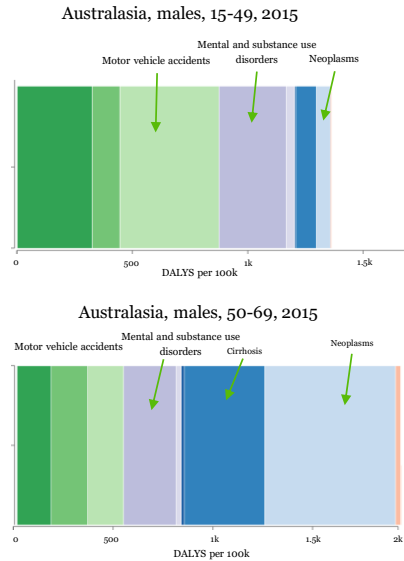
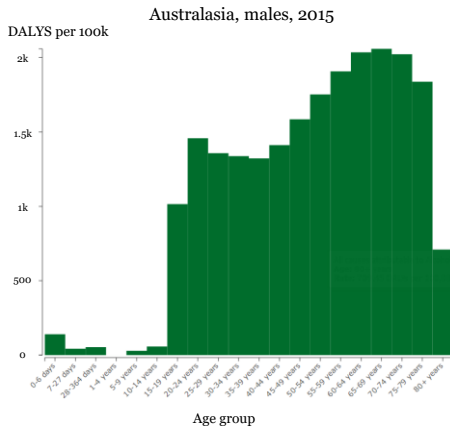
Alcohol use
Both sexes, All ages, 2015, Percent of total DALYs



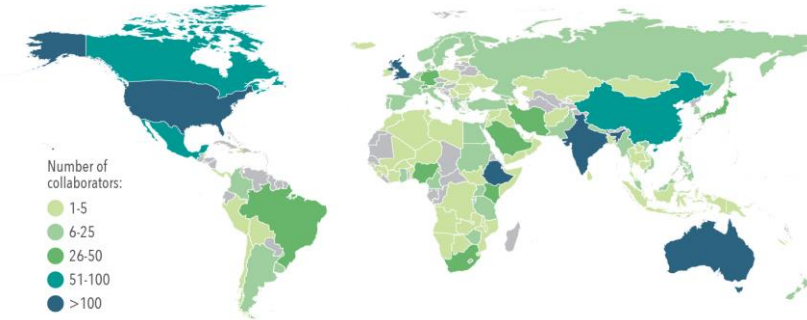
Results



Results



Full results and networking



Data & results:

<https://vizhub.healthdata.org/gbd-compare/>

My email:

mgriswol@uw.edu

Collaboration:

<http://www.healthdata.org/gbd/call-for-collaborators>