



Dynamics of vaginal immune correlates and microbiota in women from Sub-Saharan Africa

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Financial support



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Background

Alterations in vaginal microbiota (VMB) have been shown to increase HIV acquisition and transmission in women. We carried out a longitudinal characterization of the VMB, soluble cervicovaginal immune mediators and their determinants in women from Sub-Saharan Africa.

Methods

Cervicovaginal lavages from two cohorts of sexually active women from Kenya, South Africa and Rwanda were analysed for IL-1 α , IL-1 β , IL-6, IL-12(p70), MIP-1 β , IP-10, IL-8, GM-CSF, G-CSF, Elafin, SLPI, IL-1RA and total protein. qPCR was used to quantify total *Lactobacillus*, *L. crispatus*, *L. iners*, *L. jensenii*, *L. gasseri*, *L. vaginalis*, *A. vaginae*, *G. vaginalis*, *P. bivia* and *E. coli* in vaginal swab samples. Cohort A had 40 women with a healthy VMB (Nugent score < 4) at all five bi-weekly visits. Cohort B consisted of 40 women with incident bacterial vaginosis (BV) (Nugent score > 7) in the course of their visits.

Results

Cohort A: Individual *Lactobacillus* species were consistently present or absent within each woman over five study visits (Fig. 1). Sexual activity was associated with reduced counts of total *Lactobacillus*, *L. iners* and *Prevotella bivia* (Table 1) but increased concentrations of IL-6, IL-12(p70) and IP-10. pH was positively associated with IL-1RA and IL1RA/IL1(α + β) ratio but negatively associated with total protein and SLPI. The amount of total *Lactobacillus* was significantly lower and total soluble immune mediators, MIP-1 β and IL-8 higher in 14 women on progesterone-only contraception compared to those with a cycle (20 not on any contraceptives and 6 on combined pill) (Table 1). Cohort B: Total *Lactobacillus*, *L. crispatus*, IP-10, GM-CSF, Elafin, SLPI and total protein were all reduced during the first visit with BV. Conversely, *G. vaginalis*, *A. vaginae*, *E. coli* and IL-1 β were increased with incident BV (Table 2 & 3).

Table 1 Cohort A: Longitudinal analysis of microbiome qPCR results over 8 weeks

	Progesterone only		Day 21 of Cycle		PSA		Recent Vaginal Washing	
	Est.	P-Val.	Est.	P-Val.	Est.	P-Val.	Est.	P-Val.
PC Score 1	-0.06	0.793	0.14	0.048	-0.12	0.174	-0.20	0.093
PC Score 2	-0.03	0.928	0.02	0.796	0.05	0.570	-0.01	0.965
Total Lactobacillus	-0.55	0.023	0.20	0.124	-0.39	0.010	-0.27	0.146
<i>L. crispatus</i>	-1.33	0.091	0.49	0.245	-0.30	0.529	-0.05	0.939
<i>L. iners</i>	0.08	0.811	-0.25	0.356	-0.75	0.008	-0.32	0.272
<i>L. jensenii</i>	-0.30	0.785	0.85	0.066	0.36	0.476	0.12	0.842
<i>L. vaginalis</i>	0.75	0.192	-0.19	0.545	0.01	0.980	0.50	0.239
<i>E. coli</i>	0.14	0.637	-0.75	0.020	0.10	0.757	-0.26	0.373
<i>P. bivia</i>	0.27	0.199	-0.16	0.346	-0.38	0.045	0.03	0.880

Fig. 2 Cohort B (women with incident BV)
Presence/Absence and amount of microbiota species over 8 weeks

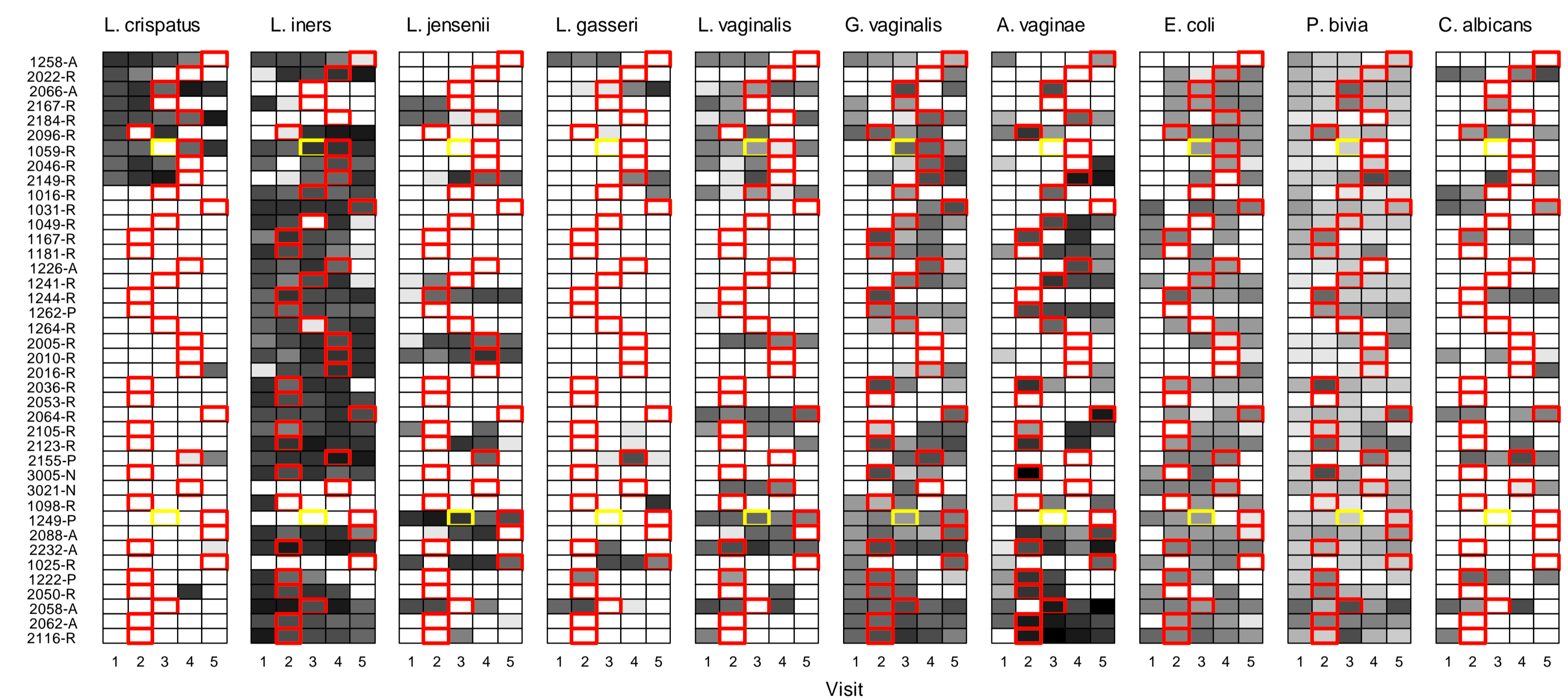


Fig. 1 Cohort A (women with healthy VMB)

Presence/Absence and amount of microbiota species over 8 weeks

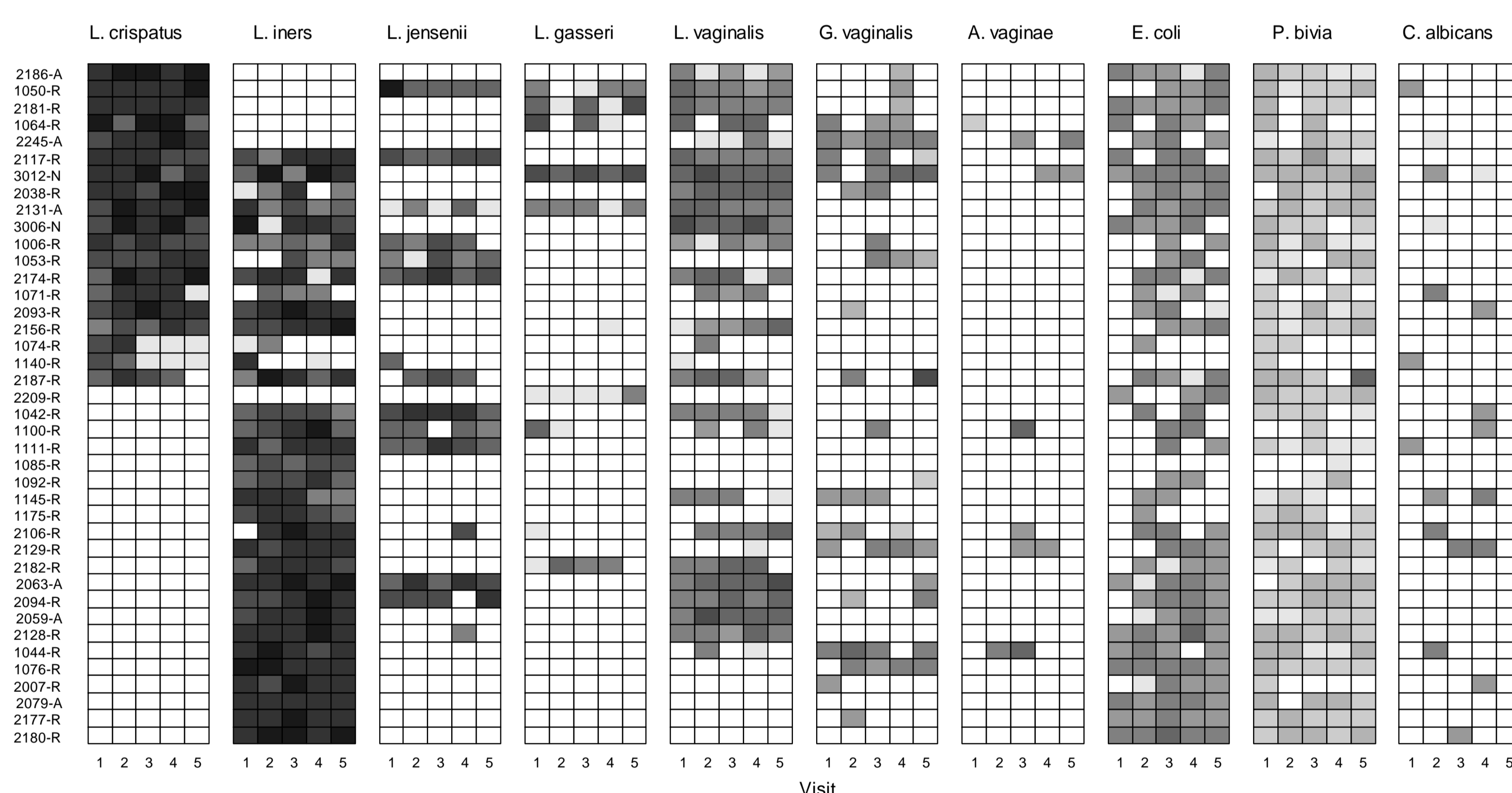


Table 2 Cohort B Microbiota qPCR difference between baseline visit and visit before BV/BV visit

Microbiota qPCR	Visit before BV				BV visit			
	Baseline	Visit	Change	p-value	Baseline	Visit	Change	p-value
	Mean	Mean	Mean		Mean	Mean	Mean	
PC Score1	0.54	0.67	0.14	0.403	0.33	-0.75	-1.08	<.001
PC Score2	0.04	-0.20	-0.24	0.104	-0.25	-0.24	0.01	0.459
Total	6.96	7.60	0.64	0.166	7.10	6.09	-1.00	0.021
<i>Lactobacillus</i>								
<i>L. crispatus</i>	2.45	1.91	-0.54	0.547	1.66	0.52	-1.15	0.010
<i>L. iners</i>	5.15	5.84	0.69	0.210	6.01	5.54	-0.47	0.358
<i>L. vaginalis</i>	2.11	2.76	0.66	0.626	1.83	1.14	-0.69	0.116
<i>G. vaginalis</i>	1.51	2.11	0.60	0.391	1.89	5.37	3.47	<.001
<i>A. vaginae</i>	1.04	0.20	-0.84	0.141	1.34	4.97	3.63	<.001
<i>E. coli</i>	1.53	3.04	1.51	0.054	1.57	2.83	1.26	0.024
<i>P. bivia</i>	2.51	1.76	-0.75	0.034	2.38	3.70	1.33	<.001

Table 3 Cohort B Immune markers difference between baseline visit and visit before BV/BV visit

Soluble Markers	Visit before BV				BV visit			
	Baseline	Visit	Change	p-value	Baseline	Visit	Change	p-value
	Mean	Mean	Mean		Mean	Mean	Mean	
PC Score 1	0.10	-0.31	-0.41	0.098	-0.03	-0.00	0.03	0.989
PC Score 2	-0.11	-0.13	-0.02	1.000	-0.16	-0.01	0.15	0.412
PC Score 3	-0.34	-0.25	0.10	0.956	-0.30	0.92	1.22	<.001
IL-1 α	1.33	1.23	-0.10	0.698	1.30	1.55	0.26	0.093
IL-1 β	0.91	0.69	-0.22	0.262	0.89	1.20	0.31	0.030
IL-6	1.02	0.77	-0.24	0.049	0.86	0.87	0.00	0.853
IL-12	0.15	-0.00	-0.15	0.058	0.12	0.22	0.11	0.103
IL-1RA	4.79	4.71	-0.08	0.157	4.73	5.00	0.27	0.096
IP-10	2.77	2.63	-0.14	0.274	2.73	2.11	-0.62	<.001
IL-8	2.25	2.07	-0.18	0.104	2.23	2.26	0.03	0.895
GM-CSF	0.48	0.34	-0.15	0.005	0.38	0.27	-0.11	0.011
G-CSF	2.06	1.96	-0.11	0.846	1.92	1.87	-0.05	0.396
Elafin	5.10	5.07	-0.02	0.657	5.17	4.89	-0.28	<.001
SLPI	4.95	4.80	-0.15	0.125	4.88	4.46	-0.42	<.001
Total protein	8.26	8.29	0.02	0.782	8.26	8.05	-0.21	0.001
IL-1 α + β /IL-1RA	3.29	3.28	-0.00	0.598	3.25	3.19	-0.06	0.579

Conclusion

Sexual activity, progesterone, clinical symptoms of pathology and BV alter vaginal mucosal immunity in Sub-Saharan African women potentially increasing their susceptibility to HIV infection.

Disclosure of interest statement

This work was supported by the European and Developing Countries Clinical Trials Partnership (EDCTP) as part of a grant titled "Characterisation of novel microbicide safety biomarkers in East and South Africa." The views expressed in this poster are those of the authors and do not necessarily represent the views of EDCTP. The authors report no conflict of interest.