

# Article 17

Nothing in this Agreement shall be construed as restricting or calling into question the rights of Customs administrations to satisfy themselves as to the truth or accuracy of any statement, document or declaration presented for Customs valuation purposes.

# Decision 6.1

- Reaffirming that the transaction value is the primary basis of valuation under the Agreement on Implementation of Article VII of GATT 1994
- Recognizing that the Customs administration may have to address cases where it has reason to doubt the truth or accuracy of the particulars or of documents produced by traders in support of a declared value;
- Emphasizing that in so doing the Customs administration should not prejudice the legitimate commercial interests of traders;

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- When a declaration has been presented and where the Customs administration has reason to doubt the truth or accuracy of the particulars or of documents produced in support of this declaration,
- Customs administration may ask the importer to provide further explanation, including documents or other evidence, that the declared value represents the total amount actually paid or payable for the imported goods

# Decision 6.1

- If, after receiving further information, or in the absence of a response, the Customs administration still has reasonable doubts about the truth or accuracy of the declared value, it may, bearing in mind the provisions of Article 11, be deemed that the Customs value of the imported goods cannot be determined under the provisions of Article 1.

# Decision 6.1

- Before taking a final decision, the Customs administration shall communicate to the importer, in writing if requested, its grounds for doubting the truth or accuracy of the particulars or documents produced and the importer shall be given a reasonable opportunity to respond.
- When a final decision is made, the Customs administration shall communicate to the importer in writing its decision and the grounds therefor.