

Facilitating crossborder data sharing

CADENA

Solution to facilitate the
implementation of MRA-AEO with
Blockchain



IDB Vision for 2025 in Latin America and the Caribbean

regional integration

strengthening value chains

digital economy

To bring innovation to the LAC region and create capacity with new technologies

Facilitating cross border data exchange between Customs



CADENA & LACCHAIN

CADENA

8 Customs

(Bolivia, Guatemala, Costa Rica, Colombia, Chile Ecuador, Mexico, Peru)

14 MRAs

1120

AEO Certified firms



Blockchain added value for CADENA



Peer 2 Peer crossborder
data exchange



Security



Automation via
smart contracts



Real Time



Immutability
Traceability
Transparency

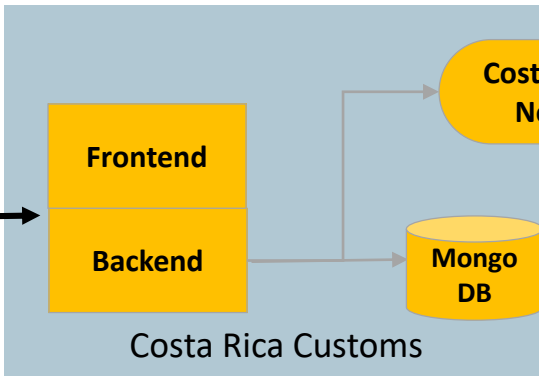


Not one single point
of failure / Back up
shared system



CADENA's Blockchain Infrastructure

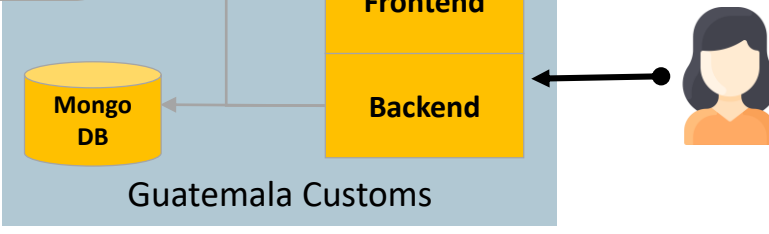
Permissionless blockchain		Permissioned blockchain		LACChain (public-permissioned)	
Public (open to everyone)	✓	Public (open to everyone)	✗	Public (open to everyone)	✓
Decentralized	✓	Decentralized	✗	Decentralized	✓
Transparent	✓	Transparent	✗	Transparent	✓
Low transaction fees	✗	Low transaction fees	✓	Low transaction fees	✓
Not cryptocurrency-based	✗	Not cryptocurrency-based	✓	Not cryptocurrency-based	✓
Not anonymous (thus can be regulated)	✗	Not anonymous (thus can be regulated)	✓	Not anonymous (thus can be regulated)	✓
Privacy enabled	✗	Privacy enabled	✓	Privacy enabled	✓



Costa Rica Customs

Costa Rica Node

Guatemala Node



Guatemala Customs



LACCHAIN

Mexico Customs

Mexico Node

Colombia Node

Colombia Customs

Validator Node

Writer Node

Peru Customs

Peru Node

Chile Node

Chile Customs

Ecuador Customs

Ecuador Node

Bolivia Node

Bolivia Customs

C
A
D
E
N
A



The importance of **Standards**

CADENA

- **SAFE Framework – Data Exchange under MRA**
- **WCO Data Model –Data Sets and Formats**
- **Trader Identification Number (TIN) - Firm identification**
- **Not a proprietary product, built with open-source code**



LACCHAIN

- **Base Technology: Open-Source protocol Hyperledger Besu**
- **Standard ISO TC307 WG5 TS23635**
- **W3C Identifier Standard Decentralized Identifiers DID**
- **W3C Credential Standard Verifiable Credentials VC**
- **Aligned with EU 2016/679 (GDPR) for privacy and data protection**
- **LACChain´s architecture recognized by ITU-T FG DLT Technical Specification D3**



LAACHAIN, ITU Recognition

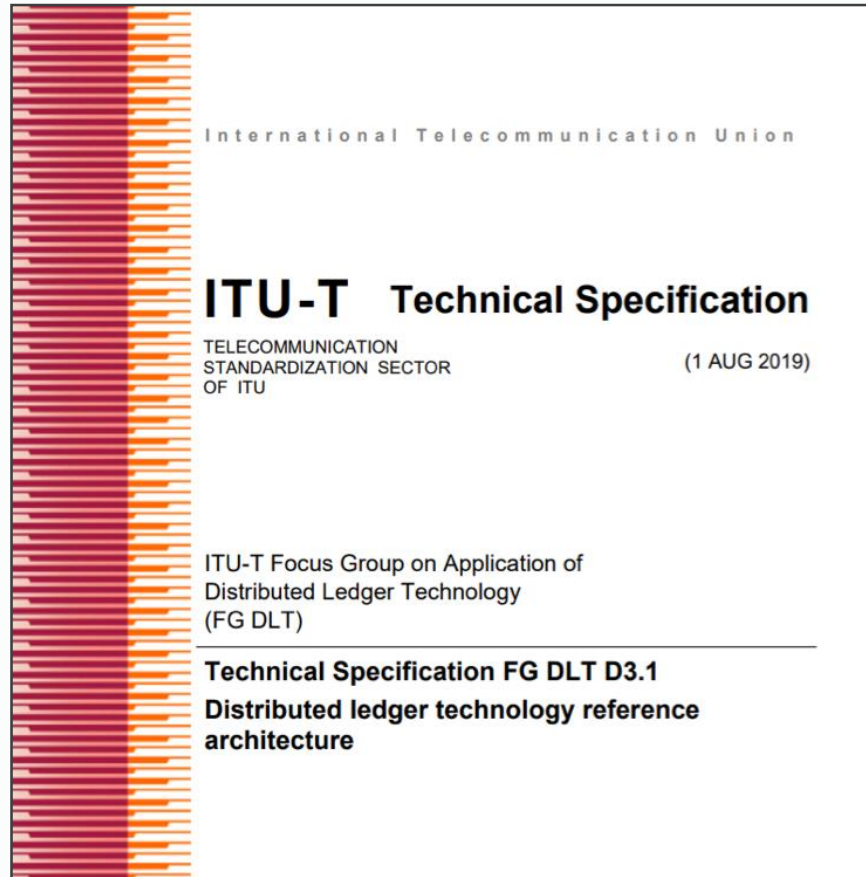


Table A.1: Overview of architecture mapping to existing DLT platforms

Attachment	Platform	Contributor	Organization	Reviewer	Organization
I	Alastria (Quorum version)	Jesus Ruiz	Alastria	Paulo Brizola	Multiledgers
II	Ardor	Skylar Hurwitz	Jelurida	Xiaofeng Chen	Qulian
III	Bitcoin	Robin Renwick	Independent	Lisa Tan	Economics Design
IV	Corda	Paulo Brizola	Multiledgers	Ruifeng Hu	Huawei
V	EOS	Ning Hu	Ontology	Giovanni Cambronero	ANCE
VI	Ethereum	Suzana Maranhão	BNDES	Ning Hu	Ontology
VII	Fabric	Ruifeng Hu	Huawei	Paulo Brizola	Multiledgers
VIII	Hyperchain	Xiaofeng Chen	Qulian	Baixue Yang	CAICT
IX	LACChain	Marcos Allende	IADB	Ismael Arribas	Kunfud
X	Masterchain	Alexander Chuburkov	Russian Fintech Association	Lisa Tan	Economics Design
XI	Monero	Robin Renwick	Independent	Lisa Tan	Economics Design
XII	Ontology	Ning Hu	Ontology	Baixue Yang	CAICT
XIII	Quorum	Ismael Arribas / Jose Nogueira	Kunfud/BNDES	Paulo Brizola	Multiledgers
XIV	Sawtooth	Ruifeng Hu	Huawei	Xiaofeng Chen	Qulian

Why Standards are important for CADENA ?

SCALABILITY

- To expand to **other Customs** with which MRAs are signed
- To include **other functionalities** and border processes

INTEGRATION

- Connectivity with internal systems (e.g. **Risk management**) through **APIs**
- Integration with **other entities** and **government agencies**

INTEROPERABILITY

- **Interoperability** with other blockchains

Thank you!

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