



JOIN THE JOURNEY TO NET ZERO

Power Generation Symposium | Europe



A Rolls-Royce
solution

Our Sustainability Journey: Expanding S4000L64FNER from Natural Gas to Biogas & H2

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S4000 100% Hydrogen (Session 1)



2024
2023

04 S4000L64FNER – H2 Blending

2023
2022

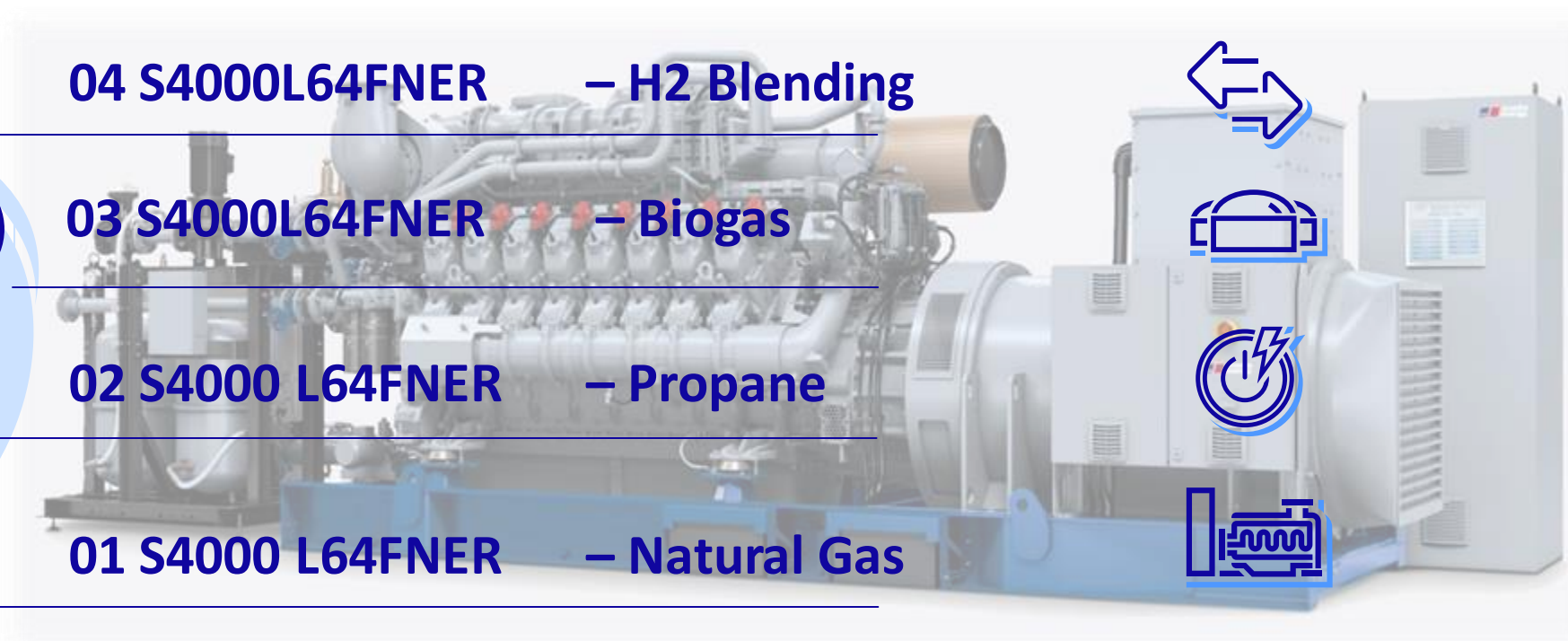
03 S4000L64FNER – Biogas

2022
today

02 S4000 L64FNER – Propane

2022
today

01 S4000 L64FNER – Natural Gas



01

S4000 L64FNER – Natural Gas

...Economical, Sustainable, Reliable, Flexible



Summary

S4000FNER is the best choice for many kind of applications,

L64 FNER:

- Efficient
- Reliable
- Environmental friendly
- Robust
- Economical
- Ready for the market!

High Speed Gas Systems



mtu Series 4000 GS

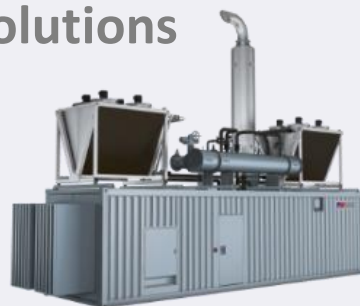
8/12/16/20V Cylinders

776kWe – 2,530kWe

Natural & biological gases

Containerized solutions

CHP & Pure Power



Best in class power density

Efficient > 44.4% eff.el
& max fuel utilization

Fast & flexible response
+/-40% <30s

Low load operation down to
35%

Economic LCC w. cylinder heads
up to TBO

TBO 84.000h

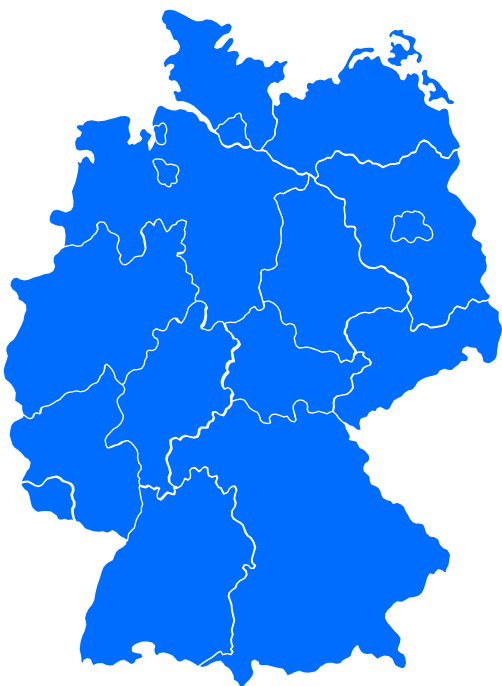
LOW
EMISSIONS

HIGHLY EFFICIENT

gas powered cogeneration systems

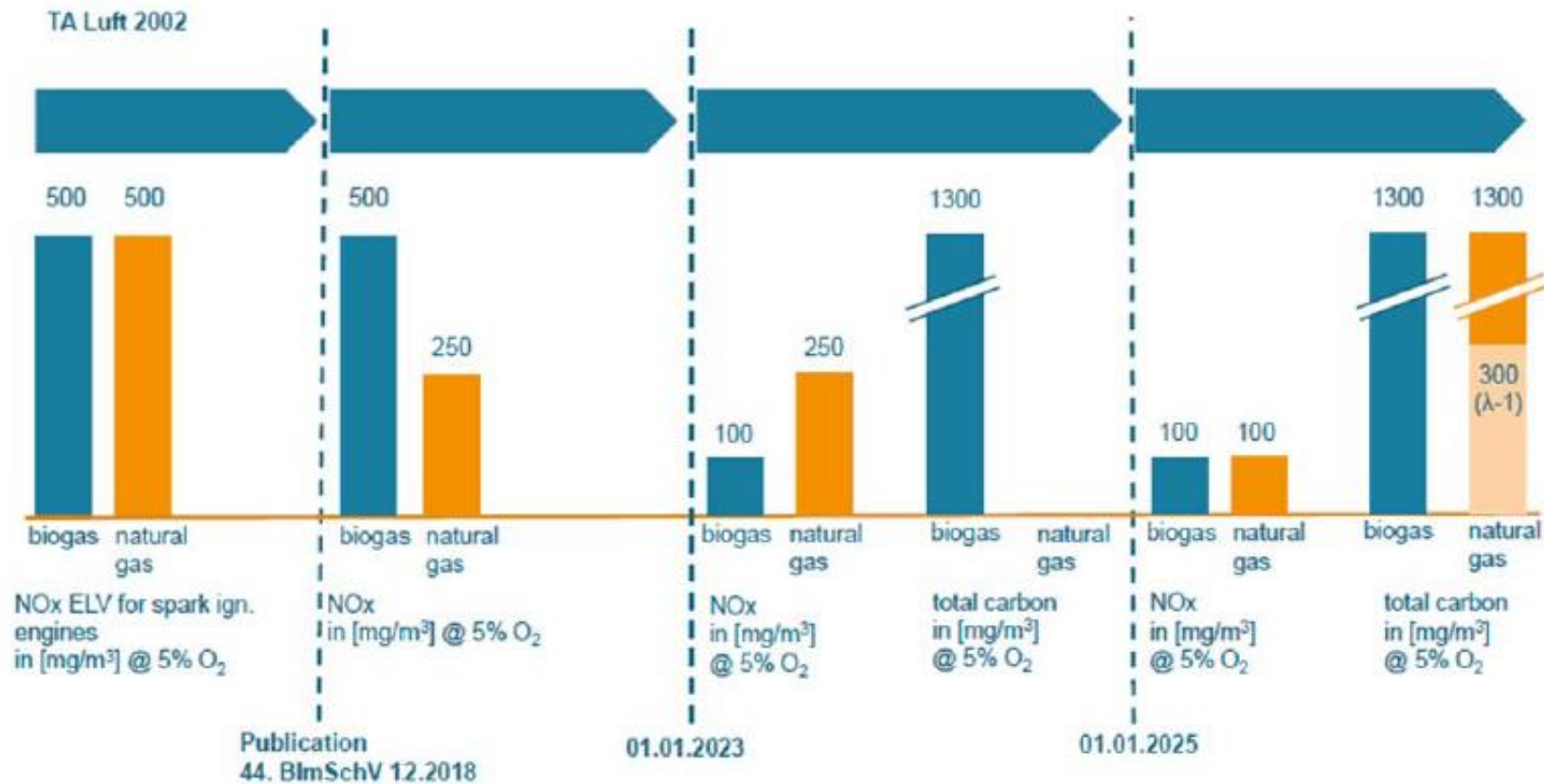
3   
FORMS OF ENERGY

Electrical, heat and cooling



Emission reduction GAS operation

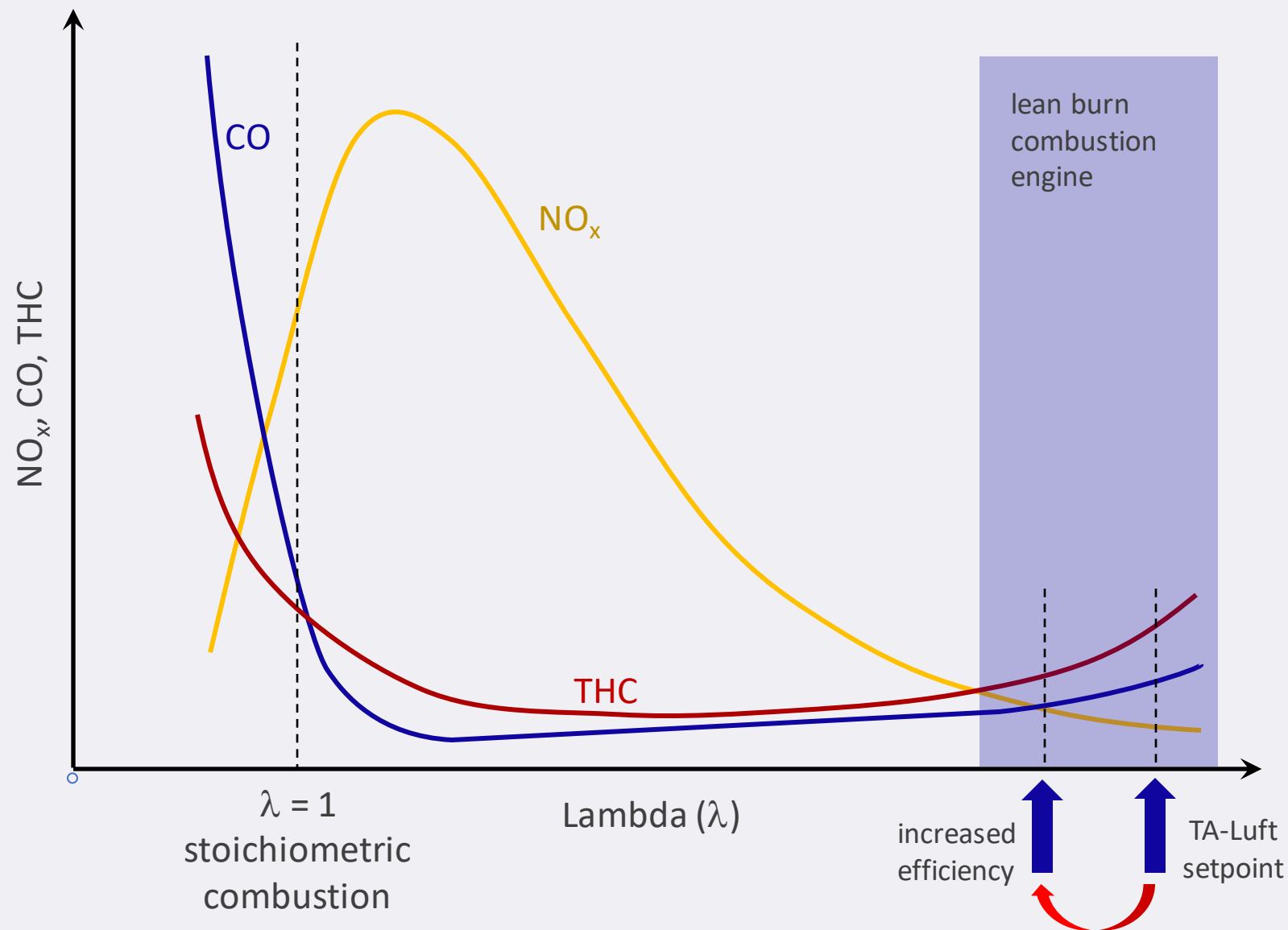
44. BImSchV – NO_x / total carbon limits and introduction dates for new plants



Source: VDMA, 44.BImSchV Fact Sheet

Emissions Overview

- L64FNER → lean burn engine
- optimized for NO_x -levels
500 and 250 mg / m_n^3
(TA-Luft and $\frac{1}{2}$ TA-Luft)
- NO_x reduction to 100 mg / m_n^3
requires SCR-catalyst
- optimized engine calibration at
lower λ -values possible:
 - improved engine efficiency
 - reduced THC
 - SCR for further NO_x reduction

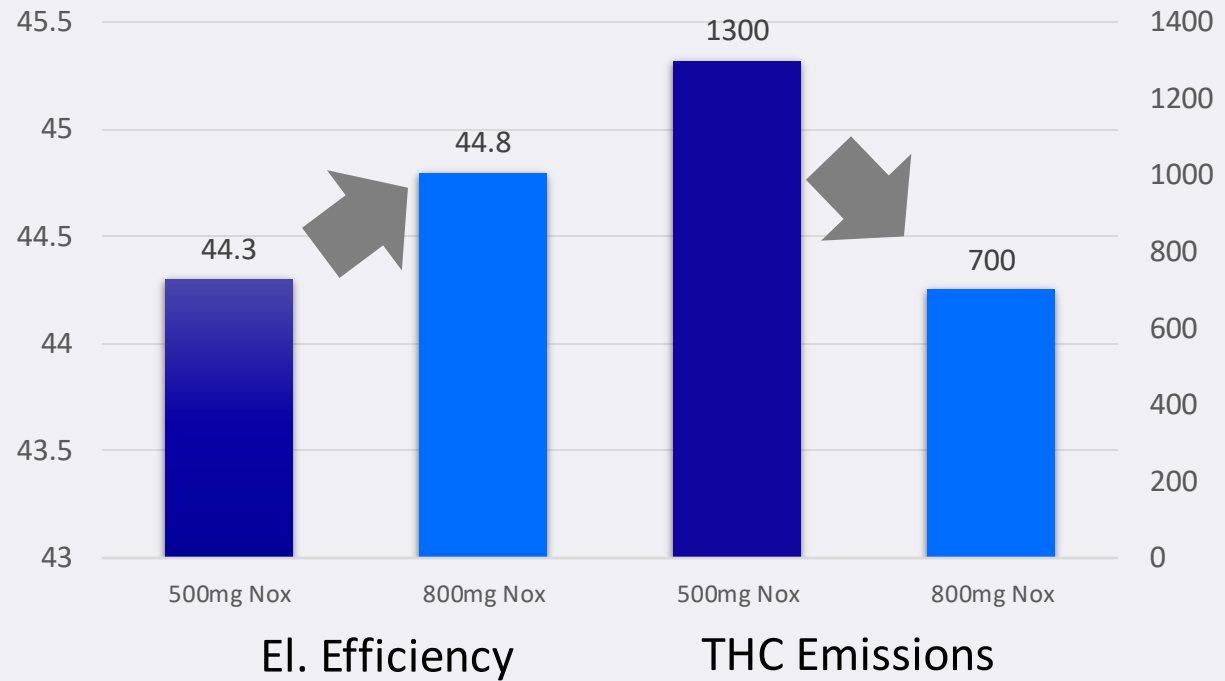




Genset Performance

- Enriching of the the engine results in higher El. Efficiencies -> fuel savings
- Better load step performance
- Lower THC emissions
- Reduced lifecycle costs (spark plug)

8V4000L64FNER + SCR



Profitability and Ecology isn't a Contradiction





System Performance

CASE NEW PLANT

Target Emissions: 250mg NO_x

Ad blue costs: 0,25€/l

8000oh/year

Gas price: 0,35€/m³

Comparison 16V4000L64FNER
based on operation costs

LT Temp. 43°C

MN=80

SCR as option

*estimations

EGAT	250NO _x	800NO _x
Invest SCR	-	75.000 €* 75.000 €
Adblue + Maintenance /y	-	28.000 € 28.000 €



Setting	250NO _x	800NO _x
El. Efficiency	42,8%	44,7%
Fuel cost Δ/y		-57.000 € -57.000 €
Spark Plug Intervall	2000h	4000h*
LCC Δ/y		-10.000 €* -10.000 €
Savings Genset		67.000 € 67.000 €

39.000 € savings/year on operational cost
2-3 years SCR amortisation time in this case



System Performance

CASE NEW PLANT

Target Emissions: 250mg NOx

Ad blue costs: 0,80€/l

8000oh/year

Gas price: 0,0,70€/m³

Comparison 16V4000L64FNER
based on operation costs

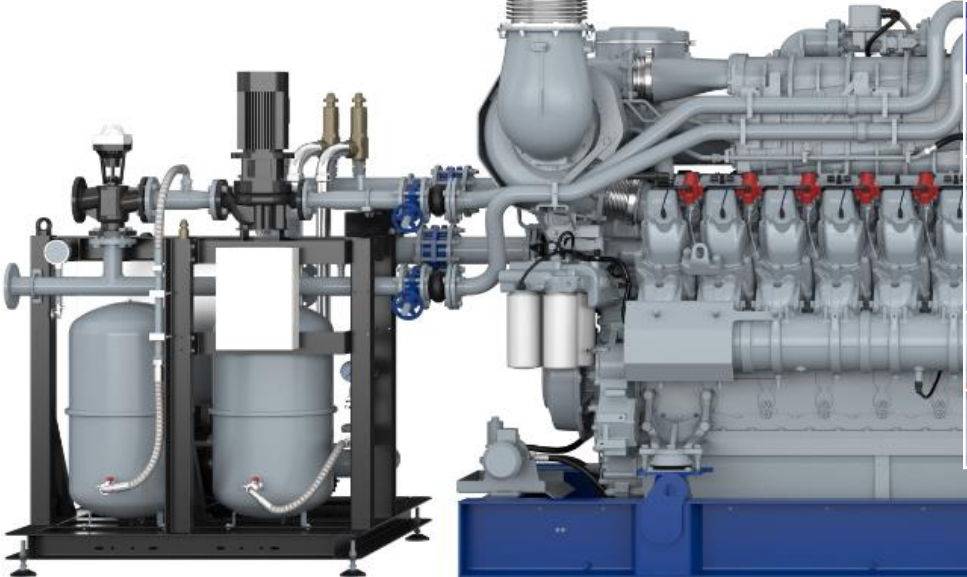
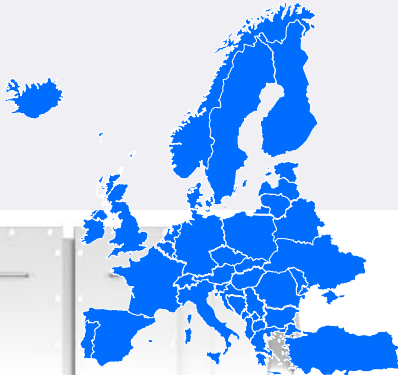
LT Temp. 43°C

MN=80

SCR as option

*estimations

EGAT	250NOx	800NOx
Invest SCR	-	75.000 €* 75.000 €
Adblue + Maintenance /y	-	68.000 €



Setting	250NOx	800NOx
El. Efficiency	42,8%	44,7%
Fuel cost Δ/y		-112.000 €
Spark Plug Intervall	2000h	4000h*
LCC Δ/y		-10.000 €* -10.000 €
Savings Genset		-122.000 €

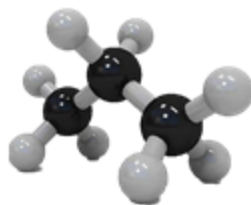
Scenario strongly depends on Gas price + Urea costs

02

S4000 L64FNER – Propane

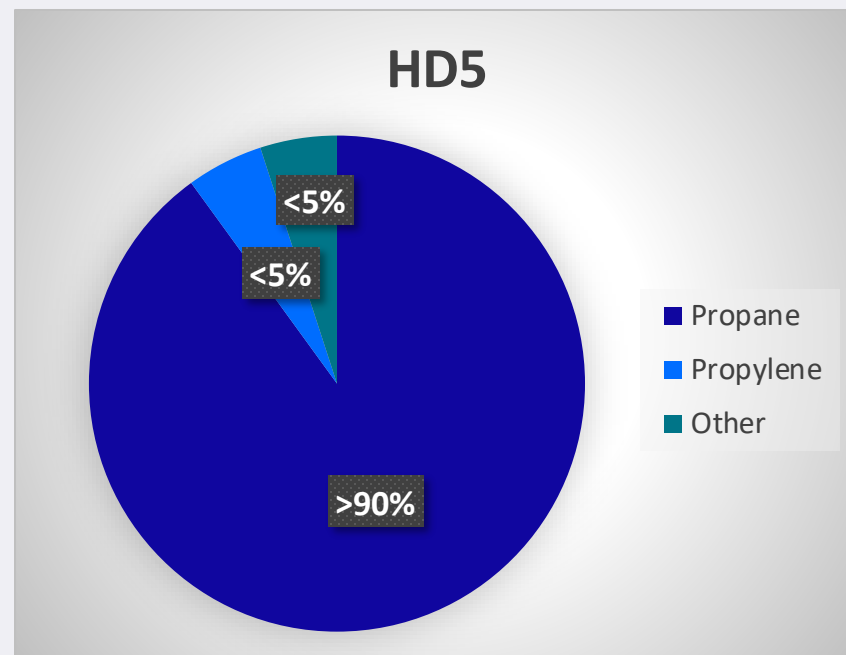
...an reliable and flexible option for your power plant!

Propane



- Typically seen as **HD-5 Type**
- Methane number: **~32-35**
- LHV: **~28 kWh/m³**
- Ignition Limits: **2,1 - 9,5 Vol.-%**
- Boiling Temperature: **-42,1°C** (@1013mbar)
- Often stored liquid **@8bar** -> Volume reduced by **1/260**

What is Propane?



- Minimum of 90% propane
- Maximum of 5% propylene - propylene is used in the manufacture of plastics
- Other gases constitute the remainder (isobutane, butane, methane, etc.)

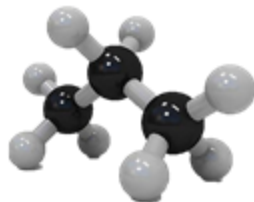


[Propane Properties and LPG Quality Control \(missiongas.com\)](https://missiongas.com)

- Propane does not occur naturally though. Raw crude oil or raw natural gas is refined to make different types of petroleum products, one of which is propane.
- Propane is not considered a greenhouse gas



Propane



- Typically seen as HD-5 Type
- Engine Development maintaining (Trade-Off):
 - ✓ Combustion Stability
 - ✓ Low BMEP
 - ✓ Power Output
 - ❖ compared very low MN
 - ❖ Mixture Cooler Temp.
 - ✓ High Efficiencies (> ~40%)
 - ❖ Comparable to APG

Fully tested L64FNER with HD5 Propane

Engine:

- Only hardware change compared to L64FNER is the spark plug
- Specific data setting for propane

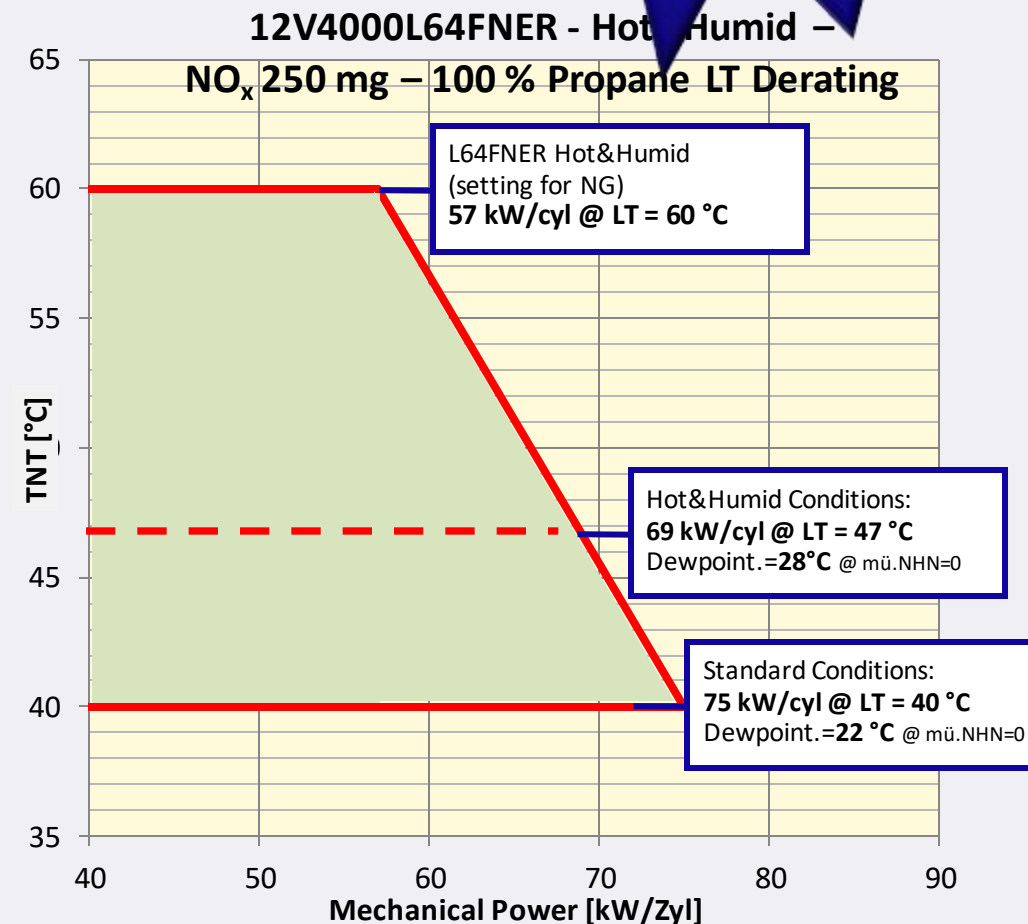
Genset:

- Smaller alternator – lower price level
- Gas train

75 kW_m/cyl @ MN = 32
NO_x = 250 mg @ 5% O₂

More power output possible depending on MN and turbocharger variation

Available
NOW
SOS in Q3/22 8V to 16V
20V in Q4/22



03

S4000 L64 - Biogas

...an economical and 100% sustainable solution!

Let's talk about the role of biogas!

Biogas From base load to flexible storage...

German Government plans to shut down nuclear and coal power plants

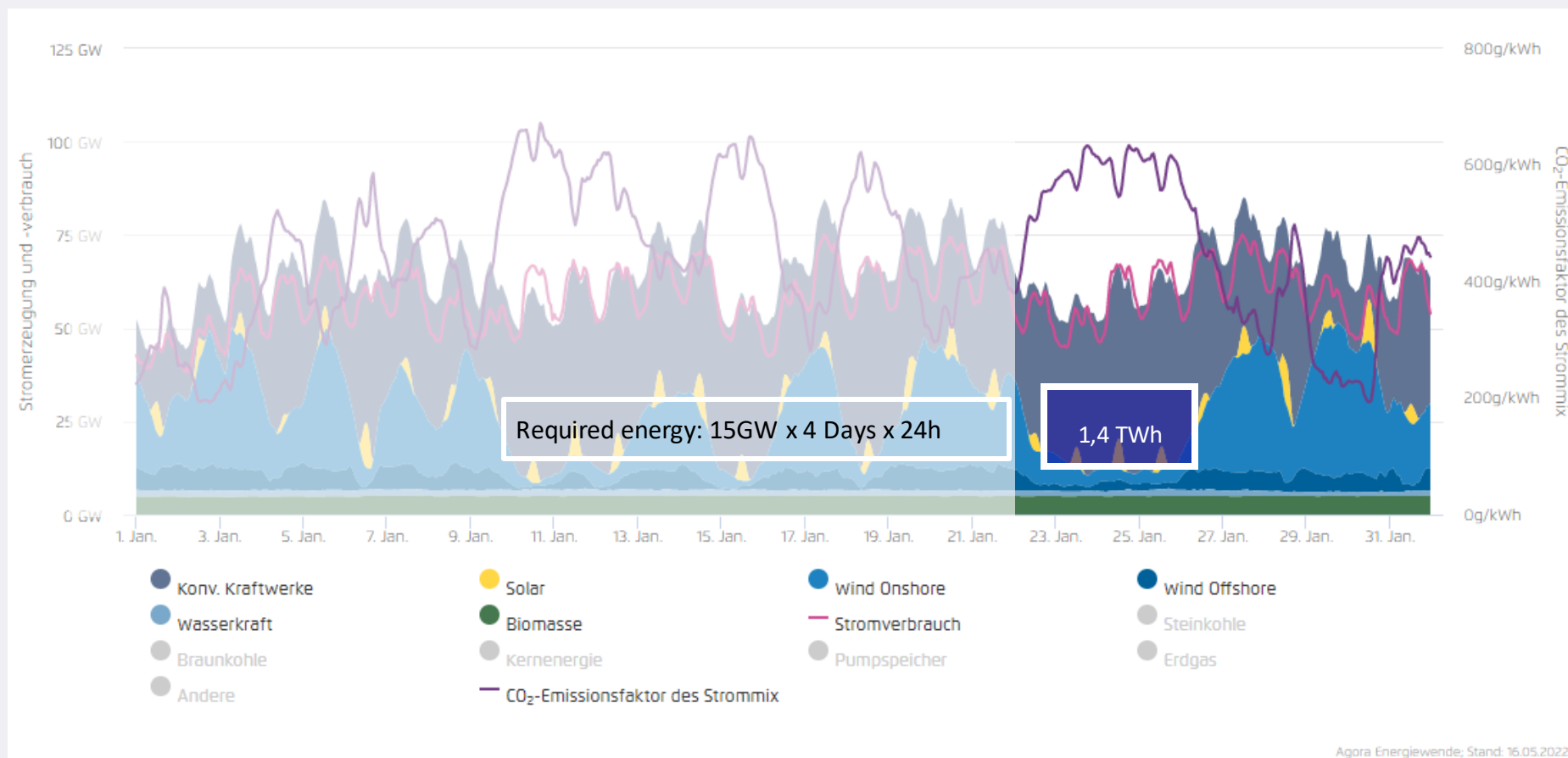
-> Grid stability is mandatory

Wind & Sun are not constant, reliable

Biogas is 100% renewable & reliable and predictable

Local Biogas production

Biogas not only for base load but also as storage option



Biogas can contribute to cover fluctuations in the grid!

Biogas is an economical storage solution!

L64FNER & L64 Biogas with almost identical Genset hardware...



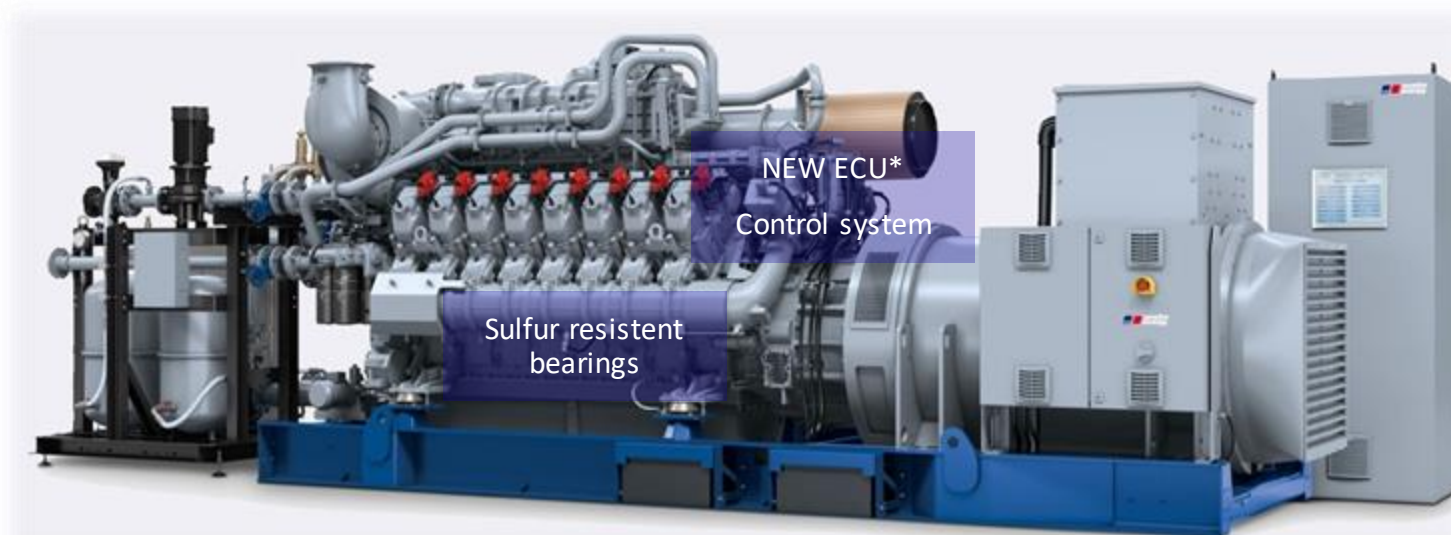
2 Parameter Settings:

- High LT temperature for low auxiliary cooling power and worldwide use
- Raw emission optimized version for Germany (44. BlmschV) (in development)



*Blending Option:

Full Power Output (130kWm/cyl) in Natural Gas and Biogas operation (with new ECU)



L64 Biogas Version with same Power output as L64FNER; +30% vs. L32FB



L64 Biogas Efficiency > L32FB (hot ambient)



Low L64 Biogas LCC -> TBO & Cylinder head =84.000 h

L64 Biogas Price = ~ L64FNER + 3% (Gas train, TecJet, ...)



Blending of

2 Gases on the Engine

Application examples:

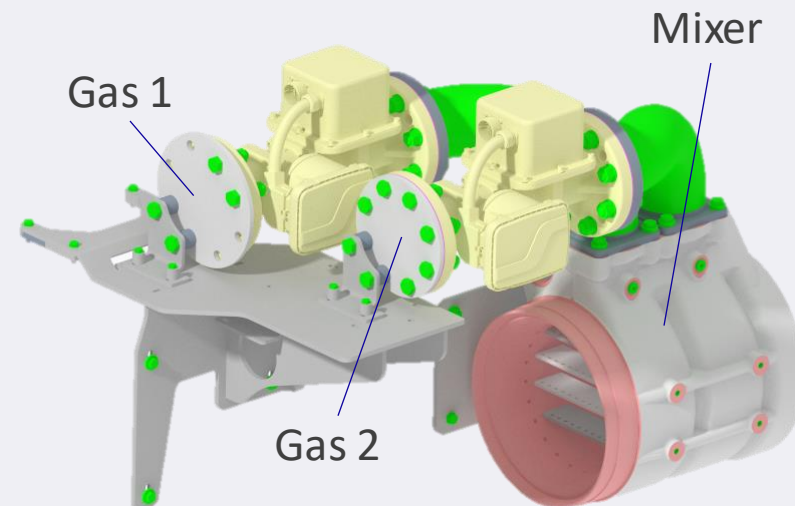
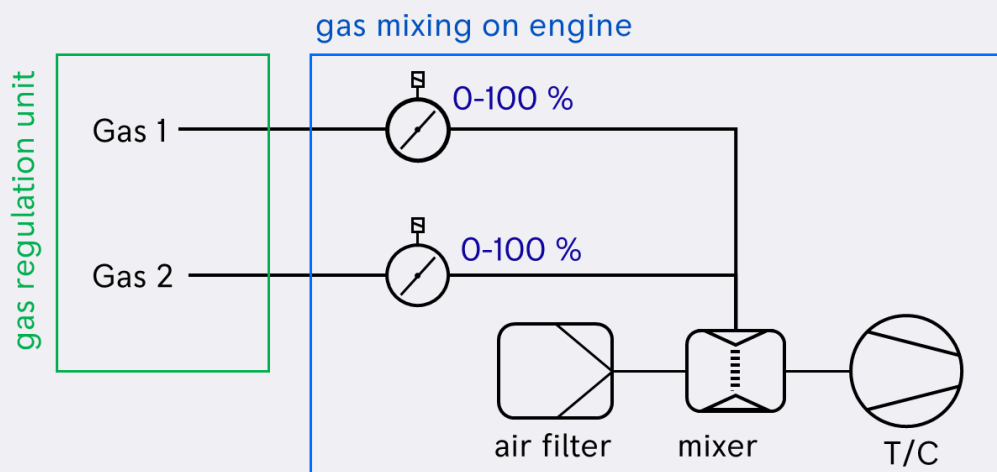
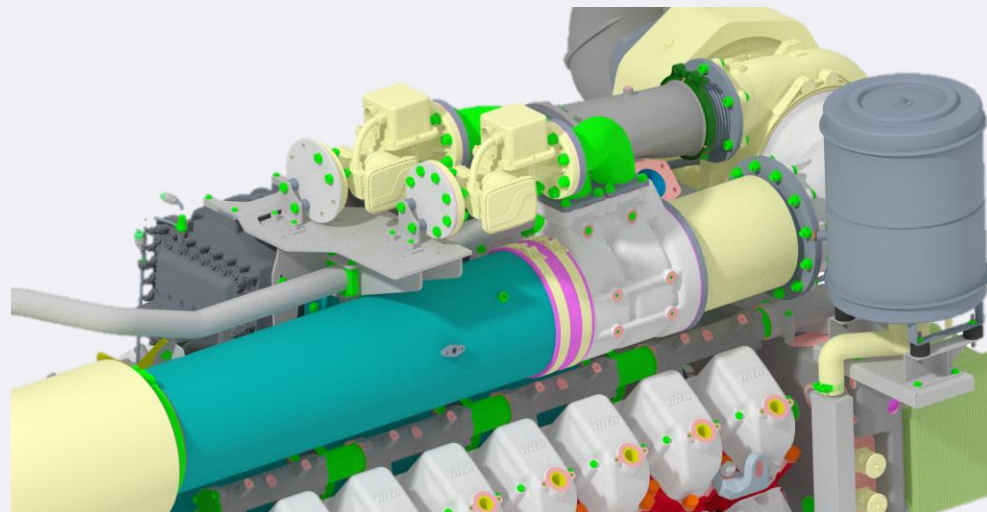
- **BioGas** with fluctuating quantity blended with NatGas
- **Weak Gas** (low LHV) upgraded by NatGas
- **Hydrogen** mixed to NatGas to reduce Emissions
- In case of emergency the NatGas engine can be switched to **Propane**

Fuel Flexibility: Technical Highlights – Blending

Mixing of 2 gases via metering valves on the engine

Control of the admixture by the engine controller - high integration into the engine

Highest possible flexibility for individual customer projects



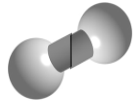
04

S4000 L64FNER – Hydrogen

...Sustainability at its best!



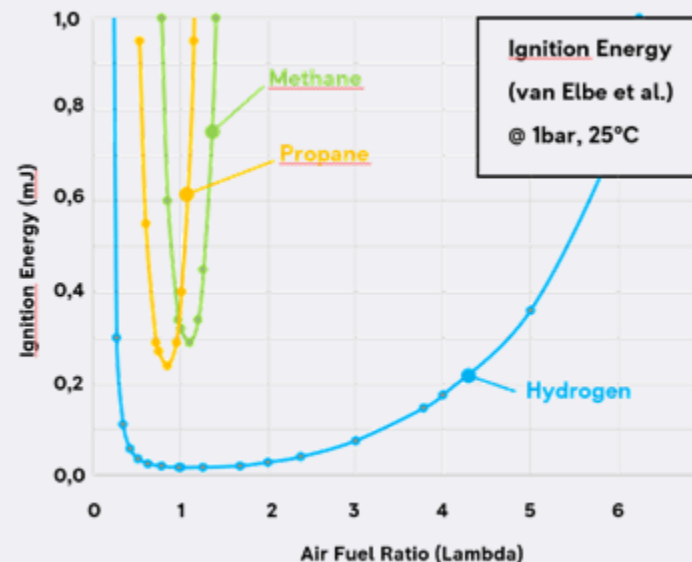
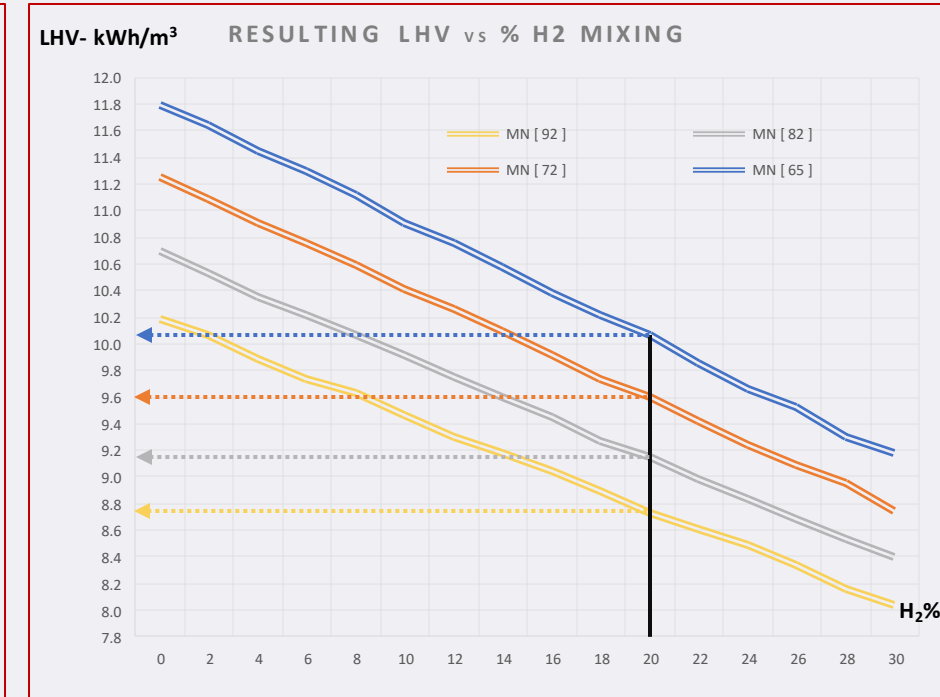
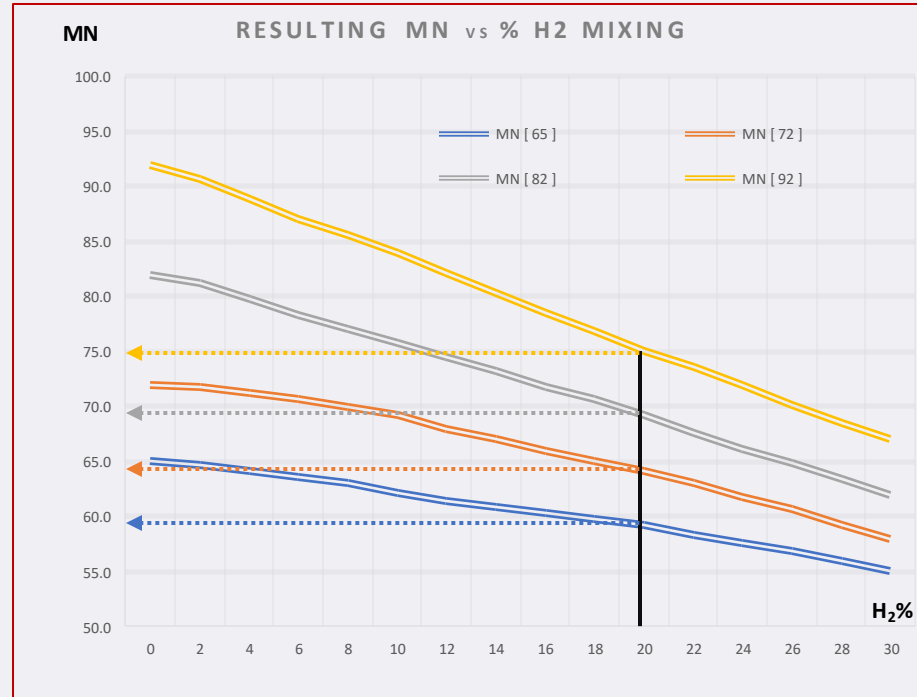
Hydrogen



addition to NatGas
(mixing on Gas Grid)
(blending on Engine)

- New requirements due to sector coupling with Power-2-Gas
- Local H₂ generation and blending into the NatGas Grid
- Contribution to climate protection
- H₂ changes the ignition and combustion properties of the mixture
- Influence on the Safety Concept
- Full power output with lambda adjustment

Fuel Flexibility: Technical Highlights – H₂ Addition / Blending



Parameter		NatGas	H ₂
LHV	kWh/m ³	10.2	3.0
MN	-	90	0
Laminar Flame-Speed	cm/s	~ 40	» 300

Hydrogen addition to NatGas (mixing on Gas Grid)



- New requirements due to sector coupling with Power-2-Gas
- Local H₂ generation and blending into the NatGas Grid
- Contribution to climate protection
- H₂ changes the ignition properties of the mixture
- Influence on the Safety Concept
- New flame arresters and experimental verification of the safety concept necessary

Fuel Flexibility: Technical Highlights – H₂ Addition

Influence on combustion

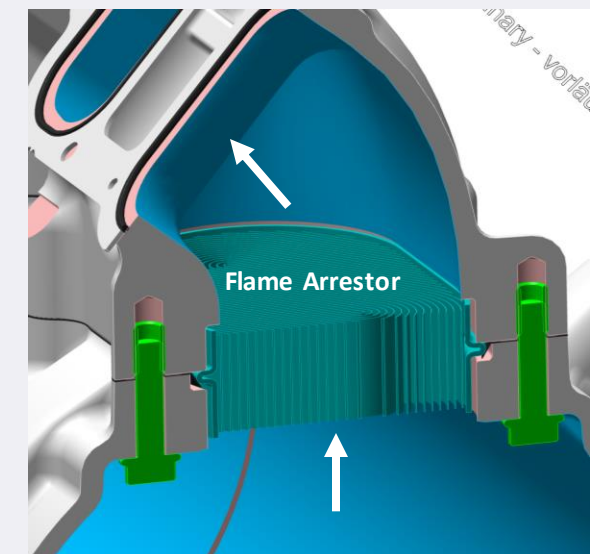
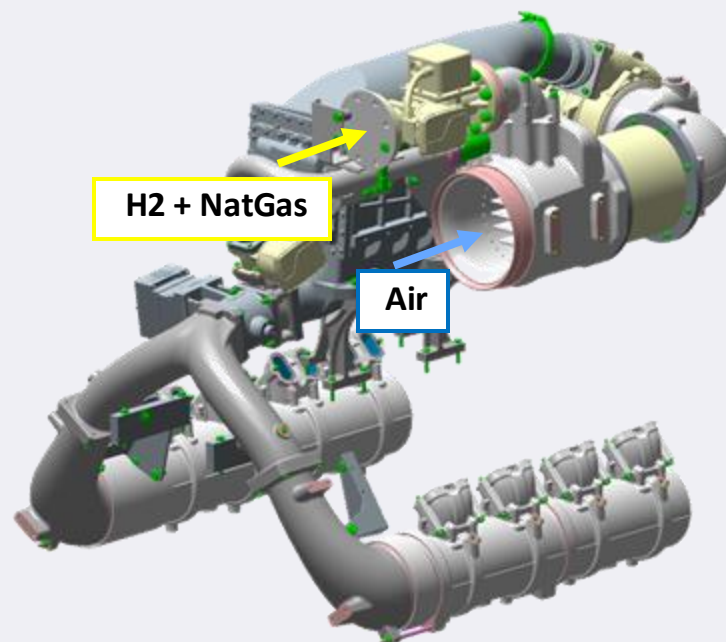
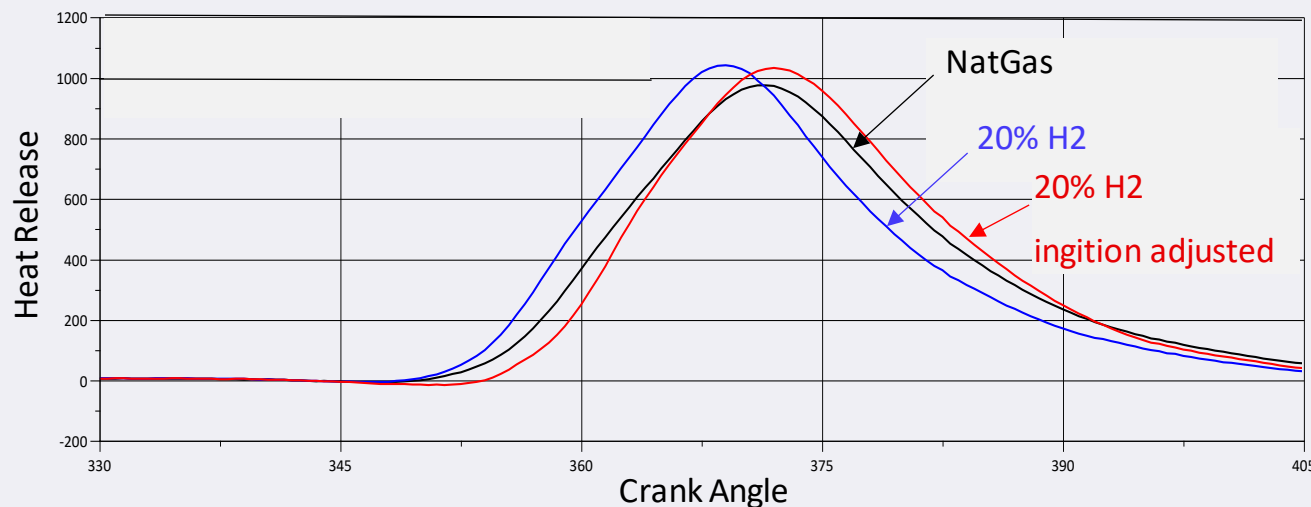
Combustion speed increases with H₂ content

Adjustment of ignition timing necessary

Required: Detection of the H₂ content through a new detection concept

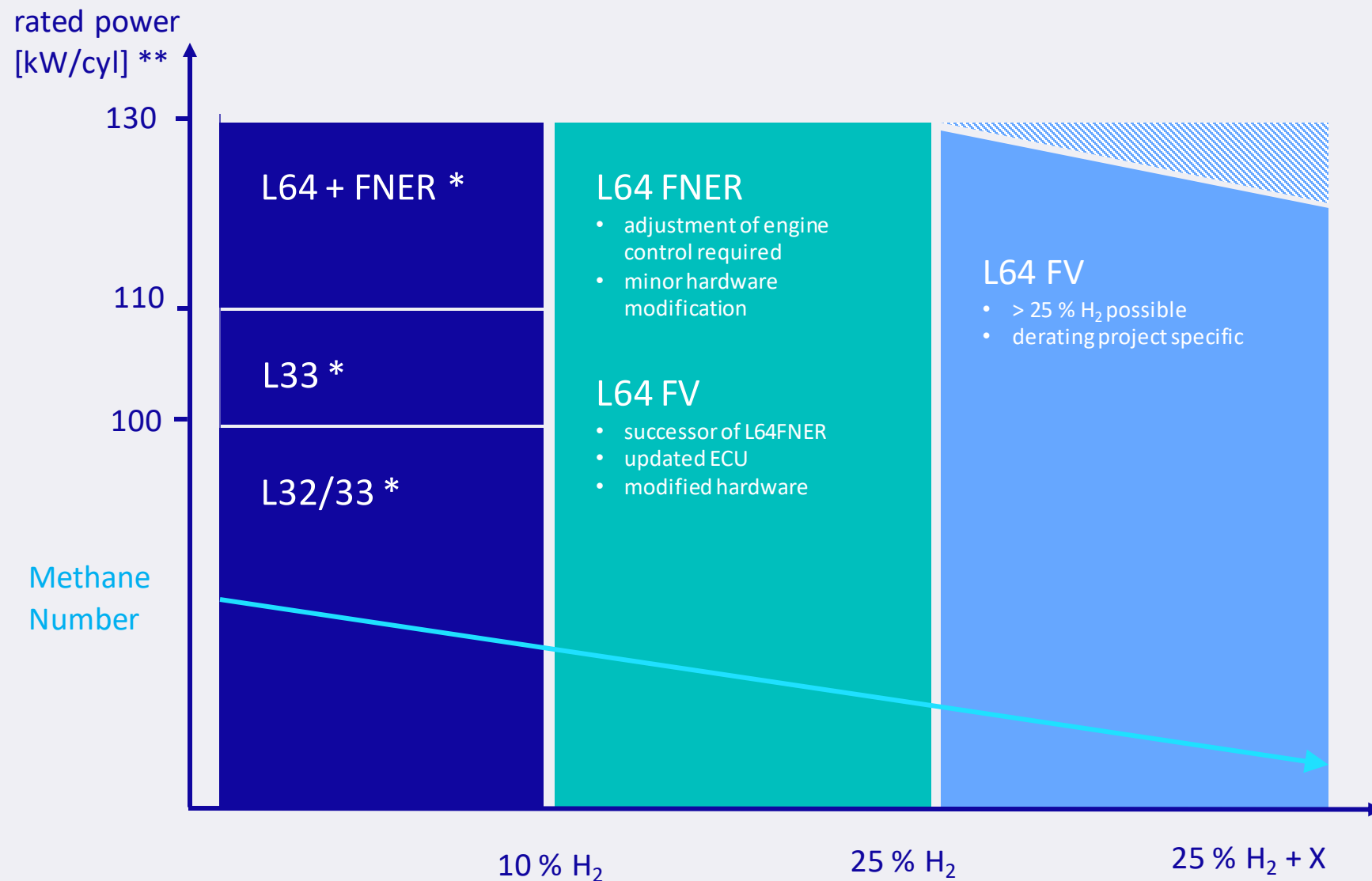
Objective:

H₂-Readiness up to 20 - 25 vol.-% into NatGas





S4000 Mixed H₂/NG Performance



* constant H₂-concentration in fuel gas required with existing engine control

** achievable rated power depending on H₂-content in gas mixture and Methane Number of base fuel (natural gas).



Thank you for your attention!



Q&A